

Synthesis of fused quinazolinethiones and their S-alkyl/aryl derivatives

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Abstract

Quinazoline derivatives are associated with broad spectrum of biological activities. In view of this, 4-substituted phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thiones were prepared under microwave irradiations through one-pot multicomponent reactions and these quinazolinethiones were then converted to S-alkyl/aryl quinazoline derivatives. The synthetic schemes of the prepared compounds are given.

Keywords: S-Alkylation of quinazolinethiones, condensation reaction, green chemistry, multicomponent reactions

Introduction

The quinazoline skeleton¹ is of great importance to chemists as well as biologists as it is available in a large variety of naturally occurring compounds. It is also found in clinically useful molecules having diverse biological activities² such as antiviral, antimalarial, anticonvulsant, antibacterial, diuretic, hypnotic, hypoglycaemic, antitumoral and antihypertensive. Literature study reveals that quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thiones have been prepared under thermal conditions through multistep reactions. However, as the concept of one-pot multicomponent reaction³ (MCR) and Microwave-induced Organic Reaction Enhancement (MORE) chemistry^{4,5,8} is gaining importance due to increasing environmental and economical concern, we have modified the synthetic route of quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thiones to one-pot multicomponent cyclocondensation reaction under microwave irradiations.

Through this modification, precious solvents can be saved, the reaction time can be reduced and overall yield has been improved by reducing the number of steps. Thus, it is a step towards green chemistry.

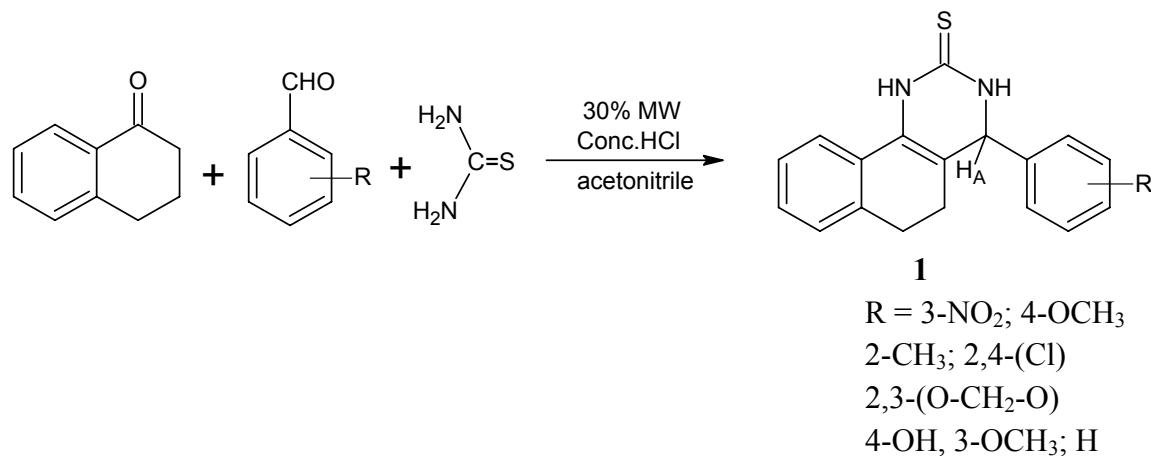
The present work also includes the reaction of the thiones with suitable reagents forming alkylated products. Literature survey reveals that 2-(substituted thio)-4-substituted phenyl-

1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazolines are unknown. Prompted by these observations, we report herein a general route to the title compounds.

Results and Discussions

The synthesis of 4-phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]-quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione **1** has been reported through double step reaction under thermal conditions⁶. However, to become more economical and environmental friendly, the synthetic route of compound **1** is being modified from double step to single step reaction under microwave irradiations. For this, the acid-catalysed condensation of tetralone, thiourea, and benzaldehyde was carried out taking acetonitrile as solvent at 30% power level (Scheme 1). The results obtained demonstrate the versatility of the process as considerable rate enhancement has been observed.

Different aromatic aldehydes were examined under the optimized conditions (Table 1).

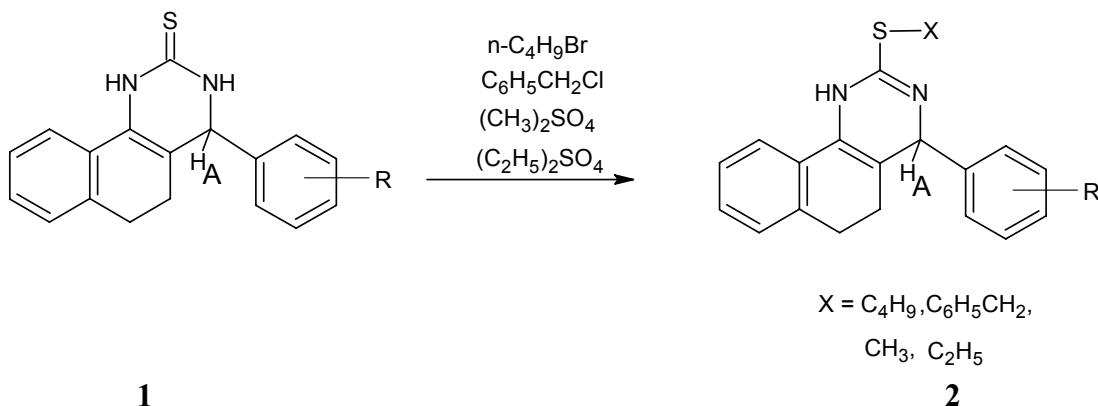


Scheme 1

Table 1. Synthesis of 4-substituted phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]-quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thiones (**1a-1g**)

Entry	R	Time(min.)	Product	M.p(°C)	Lit.m.p ⁷ (°C)	Yield(%)
1.	3-NO ₂	6.30	1a	245-247	---	53
2.	4-OCH ₃	5.00	1b	219-221	220-22	40
3.	2-CH ₃	6.00	1c	227-229	---	45
4.	2,4-(Cl)	4.00	1d	217-219	----	36
5.	2,3-(O-CH ₂ -O)	3.30	1e	224-225	----	47
6.	4-OH,3-OCH ₃	3.30	1f	211-213	----	35
7.	H	5.30	1g	256-257	256	46

A variety of aromatic aldehydes carrying either electron-donating or electron-withdrawing substituents reacted very well, giving products in high purity. Further these thiones can be alkylated and for this, a mixture of quinazolinethione, alkylating agent and ethanol was refluxed for 3-5 hrs. The reaction was monitored by TLC and work-up of the reaction yielded a compound **2** which was labeled as 2-(substituted thio)-4- substituted phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[h]quinazolines (Scheme 2).



Scheme 2

Especially noteworthy is the survival of a variety of functional groups such as nitro, hydroxyl, methoxy, chloro, double bond etc. under the reaction conditions.

Conclusions

In summary, we have changed the methodology for the synthesis of quinazoline-2-thiones **1** to a three-component condensation reaction in one-pot, using microwave irradiations. By using the new methodology, the preparation of quinazoline-2-thione analogues is a simple, cost-effective, time-saving and eco-friendly process. Also, alkylated derivatives of compound **1** have been prepared.

Experimental Section

General Procedures. Melting points are uncorrected and were determined in open end capillaries. Thin layer chromatography was performed on Silica gel G (Merck). ^1H NMR spectra were recorded on BRUKER ADVANCE II 400 NMR Spectrometer. The IR spectra were recorded on Perkin-Elmer spectrum RX IFT-IR System. The mass Spectra were obtained on a JEOL 5x102/DA-6000 mass spectrometer. All the compounds gave satisfactory elemental

analysis within $\pm 0.4\%$ of theoretical values. The microwave irradiated reactions were performed in domestic household microwave oven Samsung M1777N.

Table 2. Synthesis of 2-(substituted thio)-4-substituted phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazolines (**2a-2t**)

Entry	R	X	Product	M.p. ⁰ C	Yield %
1.	3-NO ₂	C ₂ H ₅	2a	79-81	20
2	4-OCH ₃	C ₂ H ₅	2b	177-178	40
3	2,3-(O-CH ₂ -O)	C ₂ H ₅	2c	173-175	38
4	4-OH,3-OCH ₃	C ₂ H ₅	2d	98-100	78
5	H	C ₂ H ₅	2e	208-210	16
6	4-OCH ₃	CH ₃	2f	179-181	38
7	2,4-(Cl)	CH ₃	2g	170-172	31
8	2,3-(O-CH ₂ -O)	CH ₃	2h	186-187	73
9	4-OH,3-OCH ₃	CH ₃	2i	150-152	20
10	H	CH ₃	2j	198-200	45
11	3-NO ₂	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂	2k	214-216	65
12	2,3-(O-CH ₂ -O)	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂	2l	179-181	53
13	4-OCH ₃	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂	2m	202-203	60
14	H	C ₆ H ₅ CH ₂	2n	218-219	65
15	2,4-(Cl)	C ₄ H ₉	2o	177-179	69
16	4-OCH ₃	C ₄ H ₉	2p	89-91	60
17	2-CH ₃	C ₄ H ₉	2q	202-204	85
18	2,3-(O-CH ₂ -O)	C ₄ H ₉	2r	199-201	80
19	4-OH,3-OCH ₃	C ₄ H ₉	2s	83-85	70
20	H	C ₄ H ₉	2t	219-221	56

General procedure for synthesis of 4-substituted phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(*1H*)-thiones

A mixture of tetralone (0.01mole, 1.46g), thiourea (0.01, 0.76g) and substituted aromatic aldehyde (0.01mole) were subjected to microwave heating for 3-7 minutes using acetonitrile (5ml) as energy transfer medium and HCl (0.5ml) as a catalyst. The reaction mixture on standing for few hours afforded product which was filtered under reduced pressure and recrystallised out of alcohol. The products were characterized on the basis of m.pts., IR, NMR, mass and elemental analysis spectra. The spectral data is given below.

4-(3-Nitrophenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(*1H*)-thione (1a). IR(KBr,cm⁻¹) 3171.1 (NH), 1146.6-1195.9 (C=S); ¹H NMR (δ .ppm): 9.01(s,1H,NH), 9.12(s,1H,NH), 1.9-2.2(t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.75-2.81(t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.19(s,1H,H_A), 7.30-8.27 (m,8H,Ar-H); Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₅N₃SO₂ : C 64.09; H, 4.45; N, 12.46. Found: C, 64.01; H, 4.39; N, 12.40%

4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1b). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3195 (NH), 1171 (C=S); ¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 7.82 (s,1H,NH), 1.9-2.09 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.67-2.77 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.04 (s,1H,H_A), 3.77 (s,3H,OCH₃), 6.85-7.28 (m, 9H, Ar-H & NH); Mass (m/z) : 322 (63.32%) M⁺, 262(15.97%), 215(100%), 181 (19.71%), 108 (13.44%); Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈N₂SO : C 70.80; H, 5.59; N, 8.69. Found: C, 70.62; H, 5.32; N, 8.49%

4-(2-Methylphenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1c). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3210.1 (NH), 1193.8 (C=S); ¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 6.57 (s,1H,NH), 7.73 (s,1H,NH), 1.89-2.06 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.70-2.79 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.44(s,1H,H_A), 2.43(s,3H,CH₃), 7.16-7.33(m,8H,Ar-H) Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈N₂S : C 74.51; H, 5.88; N, 9.15. Found: C, 74.23; H, 5.62; N, 8.99%

4-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1d). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3190.8 (NH), 1140.2-1198.4 (C=S); ¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 6.88 (s,1H,NH), 7.84 (s,1H,NH), 1.97-2.22 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.75-2.84 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.62-5.63 (s,1H,H_A), 7.19-7.43 (m,7H,Ar-H) ;Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₄N₂SCl₂ : C 59.83; H, 3.88; N, 7.75. Found: C, 59.53; H, 3.56; N, 7.59%

4-(2,3-Methylenedioxypyphenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1e). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3201.6(NH), 1137.9-1195.9 (C=S);¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 8.18 (s,1H,NH), 8.36 (s,1H,NH), 1.97-2.11 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.69-2.78 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 4.95 (s,1H,H_A), 5.94-5.95 (s, 2H, O-CH₂-O), 6.74-7.45 (m,7H,Ar-H); Mass (m/z): 336 (90.92%) M⁺, 215 (99.04%), 260 (2.29%), 76(56.81%), 260 (2.29%),

Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₆N₂SO₂ : C 67.86; H, 4.76; N, 8.33. Found: C, 67.55; H, 4.82; N, 8.12%

4-(4-Hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1f). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3104.1-3176.9 (NH), 1122.2-1195.4 (C=S), 3346.9 (O-H) ¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 10.76 (s,1H,NH),10.9 (s,1H,NH), 6.62-7.57 (m,7H,Ar-H),1.91-2.19 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.49-2.58 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.03 (s1H,H_A), .10(s1H,OH), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH₃); Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈N₂SO₂ : C 67.45; H, 5.32; N, 8.28. Found: C, 67.56; H, 5.76; N, 8.01%

4-Phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazoline-2(1*H*)-thione (1g). IR (KBr,cm⁻¹) : 3157.3 (NH), 1195.3 (C=S); ¹H NMR (δ ,ppm) : 8.56 (s,1H,NH), 8.68 (s,1H,NH), 1.89-2.1 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 2.61-2.62 (t,2H,C₅CH₂ or C₆CH₂), 5.01 (s,1H,H_A), 7.12-7.85 (m,7H,Ar-H). Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₁₆N₂S : C 73.97; H, 5.48; N, 9.58. Found: C, 73.72; H, 5.56; N, 9.34%

General procedure for synthesis of 2-(ethyl/methyl thio)-4-substituted phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[*h*]quinazolines

To quinazolinethione **1** (0.004 mole) dissolved in ethanol was added NaOH solution which was prepared by dissolving NaOH (0.160 g) in water (2 ml). The mixture was cooled. To this mixture diethyl sulphate (0.004 mole) or dimethyl sulphate (0.004 mole) was added dropwise while stirring the reaction mixture continuously. Then the reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 hrs. The reacton mixture was cooled and poured over crushed ice. Solid separated was filtered under

reduced pressure, dried and recrystallised from ethanol to give 2a-2j. The spectral data are given in table 3.

General procedure for synthesis of 2-(benzyl thio)-4-substituted phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-benzo[h]quinazolines

To quinazolinethione **1** (0.004 mole) dissolved in alcohol (5 ml) was added benzyl chloride (0.004 mole) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 hrs. The mixture was cooled at room temperature. The solid separated was filtered and recrystallised from ethanol to give 2k-2n. The spectral data is given in table 3.

General procedure for synthesis of 2-(butyl thio)-4-substituted phenyl-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-benzo[h]quinazolines

A mixture of powdered quinazolinethione **1** (0.004 mole), butyl bromide (0.004 mole) and absolute alcohol (5 ml) was refluxed for 5 hrs. Then the product was allowed to separate at room temperature. After a long standing of 36-40 hrs., the product separated was filtered under reduced pressure and recrystallised from ethanol to give 2o-2t. The spectral data is given in table 3.

Table 3. Characterization data of the synthesized compounds

Comp.	¹ H NMR (δ , ppm); Mass, Elemental analysis
2a	9.58(s,1H,NH), 7.07-8.21(m,8H,Ar-H), 5.03 (s,1H, H_A), 2.58-2.69(t,2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.89-2.21(t,2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 2.92-3.04 (t,3H,S-CH ₂ - <u>CH₃</u>). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₀ H ₁₉ N ₃ SO ₂ : C 65.75; H, 5.20; N, 11.50. Found: C, 65.42; H, 5.67; N, 11.23%.
2b	7.82 (s,1H,NH), 6.85-7.28 (m,8H,Ar-H), 5.04 (s,1H, H_A), 3.77 (s,3H,OCH ₃), 2.65-2.77 (t, 2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.90-2.09 (t, 2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.24-3.30(q,1H of S-CH ₂), 3.11-3.16 (q, 1H of S-CH ₂), 2.9-3.03 (t,3H,S-CH ₂ - <u>CH₃</u>). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₁ H ₂₂ N ₂ SO : C 72; H, 6.28; N, 8. Found: C, 72.23; H, 6.32; N, 8.10%.
2c	8.67 (s,1H,NH), 6.74-7.58 (m,7H,Ar-H), 5.94-5.95 (s,2H,O-CH ₂ -O), 4.92-4.93 (s,1H, H_A), 2.68-2.77 (t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.96-2.12 (t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂) 3.21-3.29 (q,1H of S-CH ₂), 3.58-3.62 (q, 1H of S-CH ₂), 3.04 (t,3H,S-CH ₂ - <u>CH₃</u>). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₁ H ₂₁ N ₂ SO ₂ : C 69.23; H, 5.77; N, 7.69. Found: C, 69.29; H, 5.74; N, 7.71%.
2d	10.8 (s,1H,NH), 8.10 (s,1H, OH), 6.61-7.52 (m,7H,Ar-H), 5.03 (s,1H, H_A), 2.48-2.57 (t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.92-2.21 (t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.23-3.29, (q,1H of S-CH ₂), 3.16-3.19 (q,1H of S-CH ₂), 2.98-3.01 (t,3H,S-CH ₂ - <u>CH₃</u>), 3.70 (s,3H,OCH ₃). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₁ H ₂₃ N ₂ SO ₂ : C 68.85; H, 6.28; N, 7.65. Found: C, 68.52; H, 6.32; N, 7.89%.

2e	11.99(s,1H,NH), 7.15-7.36 (m,9H,Ar-H), 5.42 (s,1H, H_A), 2.76-2.78, (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.89-2.17 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 3.21-3.30 (q,1H of S-CH ₂), 3.10-3.17 (q,1H of S-CH ₂), 2.81-3.01 (t,3H,S-CH ₂ - <u>CH₃</u>). Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{20}N_2S$: C 75; H, 6.25; N, 8.75. Found: C, 74.98; H, 6.02; N, 8.43%.
2f	7.82 (s,1H,NH), 6.86-7.30 (m,8H,Ar-H), 5.01 (s,1H, H_A), 3.77 (s,3H,OCH ₃), 2.63-2.81 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.84-2.11 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 2.98 (s,3H,S-CH ₃) Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{20}N_2SO$: C 71.43; H, 5.95; N, 8.33. Found: C, 71.67; H, 5.53; N, 8.10%.
2g	7.84 (s,1H,NH), 7.19-7.50 (m,7H,Ar-H), 5.62 (s,1H, H_A), 2.75-2.84 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 2.66 (s,3H, S-CH ₃), 1.97-2.20 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2). Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{17}N_2SCl$: C, 60.80; H, 4.53; N, 7.47. Found: C, 60.65; H, 4.62; N, 7.39%.
2h	8.82 (s,1H,NH), 6.74-7.65(m,7H, Ar-H), 4.91 (s,1H, H_A), 5.94-5.95 (s, 2H, O-CH ₂ -O), 2.67-2.77 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.96-2.12 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 3.13 (s,3H, S-CH ₃) m/z 350 (0.27%) M ⁺ , 335(76.34%), 215 (100%), 88 (20.67%). Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{19}N_2SO_2$: C, 68.57; H, 5.43; N, 8. Found: C, 68.54; H, 5.36; N, 8.13%.
2i	10.8 (s,1H,NH), 8.21 (s,1H, OH), 6.62-7.54 (m,7H,Ar-H), 5.02 (s,1H, H_A), 2.45-2.54 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2),1.90-2.19 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 3.11 (s, 3H, S-CH ₃), 3.72(s,3H,OCH ₃). Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{21}N_2SO_2$: C 68.18; H, 5.96; N, 7.95. Found: C, 68.38; H, 5.47; N, 8.01%.
2j	8.42 (s,1H,NH), 7.13-7.47 (m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.03 (s,1H, H_A), 2.67-2.84 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.90-2.16 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 2.75 (s,3H,S-CH ₃). Anal. Calcd for $C_{19}H_{18}N_2S$: C 74.51; H, 5.88; N, 9.15. Found: C, 74.78; H, 5.32; N, 9.34%.
2k	11.95 (s,1H,NH), 7.02-8.21 (m, 13H, Ar-H), 5.61 (s,1H, H_A), 5.00-5.04 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 4.39-4.43 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 2.65-2.9 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.9-2.39 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2) m/z 427 (4.09%) M ⁺ , 337(1.35%), 305 (11.53%), 91(100%). Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{21}N_3SO_2$: C, 70.26; H, 4.92; N, 9.85. Found: C, 70.29; H, 4.94; N, 9.88%.
2l	11.32(s,1H,NH), 6.73-7.61 (m, 12H, Ar-H), 5.95-5.96 (s,2H,O-CH ₂ -O), 5.25 (s,1H, H_A), 4.65-4.71 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 4.38-4.42 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 2.65-2.76(t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.99-2.14 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2). Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{23}N_2SO_2$: C 73.24; H, 5.39; N, 6.57. Found: C, 73.36; H, 5.48; N, 6.34%.
2m	11.61 (s,1H, NH), 6.82-7.71 (m,13H, Ar-H), 5.36 (s,1H, H_A), 4.92-4.96 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 4.42-4.46 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 3.81 (s, 3H, OCH ₃), 2.73-2.78 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 2.02-2.23 (t, 2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2) Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{24}N_2SO$: C, 75.73; H, 5.82; N, 6.79. Found: C, 75.76; H, 5.88; N, 6.76%.
2n	11.79 (s,1H,NH), 7.13-7.68 (m,14H,Ar-H), 5.40 (s,1H, H_A), 4.87-4.92 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 4.46-4.50 (d,1H of S-CH ₂), 2.71-2.76 (t,2H, C_5CH_2 or C_6CH_2), 1.99-2.28

	(t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₅ H ₂₂ N ₂ S: C, 78.53; H, 5.76; N, 7.33. Found: C, 78.46; H, 5.79; N, 7.35%.
2o	7.84 (s,1H,NH), 6.88-7.43 (m,7H,Ar-H), 5.62-5.63 (s,1H,H _A), 2.75-2.84(t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.96-2.22 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.16-3.20 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.45-3.57 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.29-1.45 (m,4H, <u>CH₂- CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.85-0.89 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₂ H ₂₃ N ₂ SCl : C 63.31; H, 5.51; N, 6.71. Found: C, 63.02; H, 5.76; N, 6.10%.
2p	7.88 (s,1H,NH), 6.98-7.31 (m,8H,Ar-H), 5.03 (s,1H,H _A), 3.76(s,3H, OCH ₃), 2.62-2.75(t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.95-2.12 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.20-3.29 (m,1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.41-3.55 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.45-1.60 (m,4H, <u>CH₂- CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.80-0.84 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₃ H ₂₆ N ₂ SO : C 73.01; H, 6.88; N, 7.41. Found: C, 72.95; H, 6.32; N, 7.10%.
2q	7.73 (s,1H,NH), 7.16-7.34 (m,8H, Ar-H), 5.44 (s,1H,H _A), 2.70-2.79(t,2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.90-2.06 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 2.43(s,3H, CH ₃), 3.10-3.22 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.52-3.64 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.31-1.56 (m,4H, <u>CH₂-CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.79-0.84 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₃ H ₂₆ N ₂ S : C 76.24; H, 7.18; N, 7.73. Found: C, 76.48; H, 7.32; N, 7.55%.
2r	11.46 (s,1H,NH), 5.40-5.41 (s,1H,H _A), 5.97-5.98 (s,2H,O-CH ₂ -O), 6.79-7.71 (m,7H, Ar-H), 2.09-2.31 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 2.79-2.83 (t, 2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.18-3.25 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.56-3.63 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.34-1.55 (m,4H, <u>CH₂- CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.81-0.85 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl) m/z 392 (0.39%)M ⁺ ,335(100%), 178 (7.18%), 214 (91.95%). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₃ H ₂₅ N ₂ SO ₂ : C, 70.41; H, 6.37; N, 7.14. Found: C, 70.45; H, 6.40; N, 7.18%.
2s	10.67(s,1H,NH), 7.98 (S,1H,OH), 6.61-7.52 (m,7H, Ar-H), 5.03(s,1H,H _A), 2.47-2.54 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.92-2.21 (t, 2H, C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.34-3.51 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.09-3.18 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.23-1.44 (m, 4H, <u>CH₂- CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.78-0.83 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl), 3.70(s,3H,OCH ₃). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₃ H ₂₇ N ₂ SO ₂ : C 67.48; H, 6.60; N, 6.84. Found: C, 67.12; H, 6.32; N, 6.96%.
2t	11.96 (s,1H,NH), 7.15-7.40 (m, 9H, Ar-H), 5.10 (s,1H,H _A), 2.68-2.82 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 1.95-2.17 (t, 2H,C ₅ CH ₂ or C ₆ CH ₂), 3.71-3.73 (m,1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 3.26-3.29 (m, 1H of S- <u>CH₂</u> -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -CH ₃), 1.23-1.36 (m,4H, <u>CH₂- CH₂</u> -CH ₃ of S-butyl), 0.85-0.92 (t,3H,-CH ₃ of S-butyl). Anal. Calcd for C ₂₂ H ₂₄ N ₂ S: C 75.86; H, 6.89; N, 8.04. Found: C, 75.52; H, 6.72; N, 8.33%.

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